LTE Industrial Router

ICR-3231

USER MANUAL



ADVANTECH



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Used symbols



Danger – Information regarding user safety or potential damage to the router.



Attention – Problems that can arise in specific situations.



Information, notice – Useful tips or information of special interest.

GPL licence

Source codes under GPL licence are available free of charge by sending an email to:

techSupport@advantech-bb.com.

Please see http://ep.advantech-bb.cz/devzone for more information.





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1. Safety Instructions



Please, observe the following instructions:

- The router must be used in compliance with all applicable international and national laws and in compliance with any special restrictions regulating the utilization of the router in prescribed applications and environments.
- To prevent possible injury and damage to appliances and to ensure compliance with all relevant provisions, use only the original accessories. Unauthorized modifications or the use of unapproved accessories may result in damage to the router and/or a breach of applicable regulations. Unauthorized modifications or use of unapproved accessories may void the warranty.
- The router can not be opened.
- Turn off the router and disconnect it from power supply before handling the SIM card.



- Caution! The SIM card could be swallowed by small children.
- Power supply must not exceed 36 V DC max.
- Do not expose the router to extreme ambient conditions. Protect the router against dust, moisture and high temperature.
- Only routers with appropriate certification and labelling should be used in locations where
 flammable and explosive materials are present, including gas stations, chemical plants,
 or locations in which explosives are used. We remind users of the duty to observe the
 restrictions concerning the utilization of radio devices at such places.
- Switch off the router when travelling by plane. Utilization of the router on a plane may endanger the operation of the plane or interfere with the mobile telephone network, and may be unlawful. Failure to observe these instructions may result in the suspension or cancellation of telephone services for the respective client and/or may result in legal sanctions.
- When using the router in close proximity to personal medical devices, such as cardiac pacemakers or hearing aids, you must proceed with heightened caution.
- The router may cause interference when used in close proximity to TV sets, radio receivers or personal computers.
- It is recommended that you create an appropriate copy or backup of all important settings that are stored in the memory of the device.
- The device should not be used in the location where the children are present.



2. Product Disposal Instructions

The WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment: 2012/19/EU) directive was introduced to ensure that electrical/electronic products are recycled using the best available recovery techniques in order to minimize impact on the environment. This product contains high quality materials and components which can be recycled. At the end of it's life this product MUST NOT be mixed with other commercial waste for disposal. The device contains the battery. Remove the battery from the device before disposal. The battery in the device needs to be disposed apart accordingly. Check the terms and conditions of your supplier for disposal information.



3. Router Description

ICR-3231 is an industrial cellular router intended for the market in Europe, Middle East and Africa (EMEA) area. This router is an ideal device for wireless communication in mobile networks that make use of LTE, HSPA+, UMTS, EDGE or GPRS technology. Due to the high speed of data transfer up to 150 Mbps (download) and up to 50 Mbps (upload) is this router an ideal solution for specialized M2M devices and IoT as well as for wireless connection of traffic and security camera systems, individual computers, LAN networks, automatic teller machines (ATM) and other self-service terminals.

The standard configuration includes two Ethernet 10/100 ports, serial line RS232, RS485, one binary input and one output. The device also has two readers for 3 V and 1.8 V SIM cards, which are located on the left panel of the router. The router can be equipped with a WiFi module, but this must be part of the initial configuration – it cannot be added to the router at some point in the future. The router can be provided only in a metal casing.

Configuration of the router may be done via a password-protected Web interface. Web interface provides detailed statistics about the router's activities, signal strength, detailed system log etc. The router supports the creation of VPN tunnels using IPSec, OpenVPN and L2TP to ensure safe communication. DHCP, NAT, NAT-T, DynDNS, NTP, VRRP, control by SMS, backup primary connection and many other functions are supported.

The router provides diagnostic functions which include automatically monitoring the PPP connection, automatic restart in case of connection losses, and a hardware watchdog that monitors the router status. The user may insert Linux scripts which are started on various actions. It is possible to create up to four different configurations for the same router. These configurations can be switched whenever necessary via Web interface, SMS or binary input status. The router can automatically upgrade its configuration and firmware from your central server. This allows for mass reconfiguration of numerous routers at the same time.

The router also supports additional software like R-SeeNet for permanent traffic monitoring of routers.





Examples of possible applications

- mobile office
- fleet management
- security system
- telematic

- telemetric
- · remote monitoring
- vending and dispatcher machines

3.1 Usage of the Router

The router is primarily intended for these four basic situations:

I. Access to the Internet from LAN

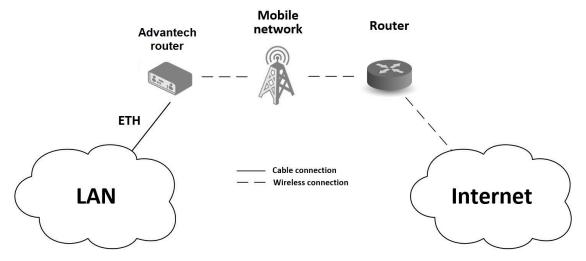


Figure 1: Access to the Internet from LAN



II. Backed up access to the Internet (from LAN)

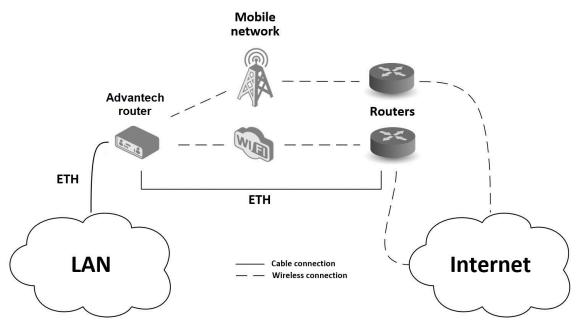


Figure 2: Backed up access to the Internet

III. Secure networks interconnection or using VPN

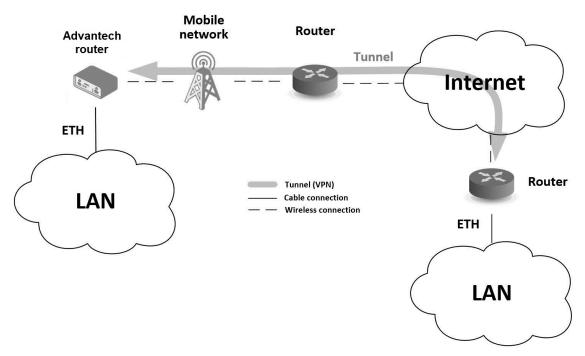


Figure 3: Using VPN tunnel

IV. Serial Gateway

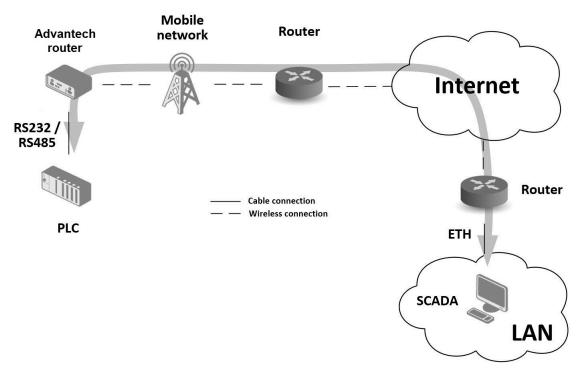


Figure 4: Serial Gateway



4. Contents of Package

The standard set of router includes items listed in following table:

Item#	Description	Figure	Q'ty
1	ICR-3231 or ICR-3231W router	ON YOUR AND THE	1 pcs
2	DIN holder (screwed on the router)	*	1 set
3	Wing on wall mounting (screwed on the router)	*	2 pcs
4	2-pin terminal block for power supply (deployed on the router)		1 pcs
5	10-pin terminal block for RS232, RS485 and I/O (deployed on the router)		1 pcs
6	Printed Quick Start Guide	To the second se	1 pcs

Table 1: Contents of package



5. Router Design

5.1 Router Versions

ICR-3231 router is supplied in the following versions (see table below). All versions are available in metal box.

Router versions	SIM	BIN	BOUT	ЕТН	WiFi	GNSS	232	485
Basic version	2 x	1 x	1 x	2 x			1 x	1 x
Version with WiFi and GNSS	2 x	1 x	1 x	2 x	1 x	1 x	1 x	1 x

Table 2: Router versions



Figure 5: Basic version



Figure 6: Version with WiFi and GNSS



5.2 Device Labels



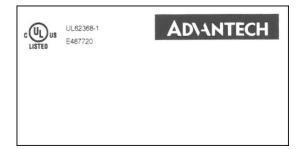


Figure 7: Labels example

5.3 Order codes

Order codes overview is shown in the table below.

Product type	Product name	Order code	Features – interfaces
ICR-3200	ICR-3231	ICR-3231	LTE module for EMEA, 2x ETH, 1x BI, 1x BO, 2x SIM reader
ICR-3200	ICR-3231	ICR-3231W	LTE module for EMEA, 2x ETH, 1x BI, 1x BO, 2x SIM reader, WiFi, GNSS

Table 3: Order Codes Overview

5.4 Basic Dimensions of the Router Box

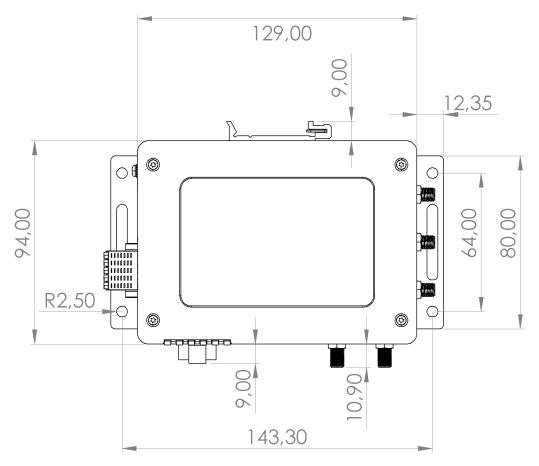


Figure 8: Basic dimensions of the router box

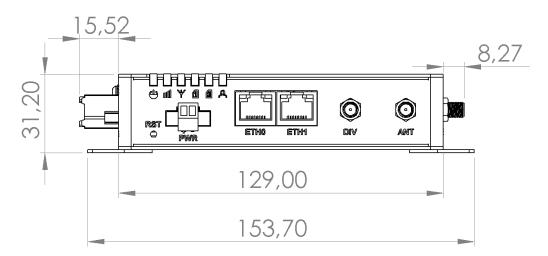


Figure 9: Basic dimensions of the router box



5.5 Mounting Recommendations

Router can be placed:

- on a flat surface,
- on a wall (or other surface) using the side wings,
- on a DIN rail EN 60715 with the included metal DIN rail clip.

For most applications with a built-in router within a switchboard it is possible to recognize two kinds of environments:

- A non-public, industry environment of low voltage with high interference,
- A public environment of low voltage and without high interference.

For both of these environments it is possible to mount router to a switchboard, after which there is no need to have examination immunity or issues in connection with EMC according to EN 61439-1:2011.



Attention: If the negative pole of the router is grounded, there is no protection against reversed polarity! The only protection left is the fuse inside the device.



In compliance with the EN 61439-1:2011 specification it is necessary to observe the following assembly instructions for a router attached to a switchboard:

- For whip antennas it is recommended to observe a minimum distance of 6 cm from cables and metal surfaces on every side in order to avoid interference. When using an external antenna seperate from the switchboard it is necessary to fit a lightening conductor.
- When mounting a router on sheet-steel we recommend using a "cable" antenna.
- For all cables we recommend to bind the bunch, and for this we recommend:
 - The length of the bunch (combination of power supply and data cables) should be a maximum 1.5 m. If the length of data cables exceeds 1.5 m or if the cable is leading towards the switchboard, we recommend installing surge protectors.
 - Data cables must not have a reticular tension of \sim 230 V/50 Hz or \sim 120 V/60 Hz.
- Sufficient space must be left between individual connectors for the handling of cables,
- To ensure correct functioning of the router we recommend the use of an earth-bonding distribution frame for the grounding of the power supply of the router, data cables and antenna within the switchboard.



5.6 Removing from the DIN Rail



The DIN rail clip is suitable for a DIN rail according to EN 60715 standard only. The default position of metal rail clip, which is used for mounting the router on a DIN rail, is shown in the following figure. Its position can be changed on some models (back or bottom). When changing the position of the DIN rail clip, tighten the screws with max. 0.4 Nm torque.



Figure 10: Default position of DIN rail clip

For removing from the DIN rail it is necessary to lightly push down the router so that the bottom part of the DIN rail clip hitched to the DIN rail get out of this rail and then fold out the bottom part of the router away from the DIN rail.

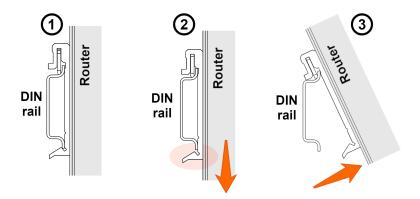


Figure 11: Removing from the DIN rail



5.7 Description of the front panel

On the front panel of the router, there are located:

Caption	Connector	Description
RST	_	RST button used to restore the default configuration and reboot the router
PWR	2-pin	Terminal block for the power supply
ETH0	RJ45	Ethernet connection to the computer network
ETH1	RJ45	Ethernet connection to the computer network
DIV	SMA	Connector for diversity antenna
ANT	SMA	Connector for main antenna

Table 4: Description of the front panel



Figure 12: The front panel of the router



5.7.1 Status Indication

There are six LED indicators on the front panel to provide router status information. Each ETH port has two additional LEDs that provide information about the port status.

	Caption	Color	State	Description
பு	PWR	Green Green Green	On Blinking Fast blinking	Starting of the router Router is ready Updating firmware
ıIII	SIG	Green Orange Red	On On On	Good signal Fair signal Poor signal
Ψ	DAT	Green	Blinking	Communication in progress on radio channel
1	SIM1	Green Green Orange Red Red	Blinking On On On Fast blinking	SIM is selected, router waits for data connection 4G technology 3G technology 2G technology SIM card problem (missing SIM card or PIN code not entered)
2	SIM2	Green Green Orange Red Red	Blinking On On On Fast blinking	SIM is selected, router waits for data connection 4G technology 3G technology 2G technology SIM card problem (missing SIM card or PIN code not entered)
λ	USR	Green	On / Blinking / Fast blinking	Function of this LED diode can be selected by user
	ETH0 ETH1	Green Green	On Off	Selected 100 Mbps Selected 10 Mbps
	ETH0 ETH1	Yellow Yellow Yellow	On Blinking Off	The network cable is connected Data transmission The network cable is not connected

Table 5: Status indication



5.7.2 Power Connector PWR

Terminal block 3.5 mm.

Pin number	Signal mark	Description
1	VCC(+)	Positive pole of DC supply voltage (+9 to +36 V DC)
2	GND(-)	Negative pole of DC supply voltage

Table 6: Connection of power connector

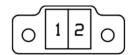


Figure 13: Power connector

Power supply for router is required between +9 V to +36 V DC supply. Protection against reversed polarity without signaling is built into the router. **Note:** The protection against reversed polarity is lost if the negative pole is grounded! The only protection left is the fuse inside of the device.

For correct operation it is necessary that the power source is able to supply a peak current of 1.2 A.



Unit has to be supplied by a power supply specified as a Limited Power Source (LPS) or CEC/NEC Class 2 source of supply.

Circuit example:



Figure 14: Connection of power supply



5.7.3 Ethernet Port ETH0 and ETH1

The panel socket RJ45 is used for this interface. The insulation strength of Ethernet ports from each other and from the rest of the router (grounding) is 1500 V.

Pin	Signal mark	Description	Data flow direction
1	TXD+	Transmit Data – positive pole	Input/Output
2	TXD-	Transmit Data – negative pole	Input/Output
3	RXD+	Receive Data – positive pole	Input/Output
4	_	_	
5	_	_	
6	RXD-	Receive Data – negative pole	Input/Output
7	_	_	
8	_	_	

Table 7: Connection of Ethernet connector



Figure 15: Ethernet connector

The Ethernet cable plugs into the RJ45 connectors labeled as ETH0 and ETH1 (see figure below).

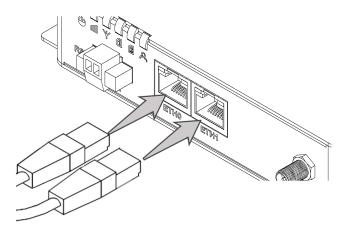


Figure 16: Connection of Ethernet cables



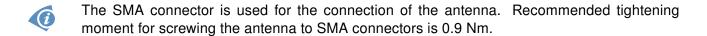
5.7.4 Antenna Connector ANT, DIV, GNSS and WiFi

The main and diversity antennas are connected to the router using the SMA connectors on the front panel. There are also two R-SMA connectors for connection of the WiFi antennas and one SMA connector for connection of the GNSS antenna on the right panel of the router (on WiFi and GNSS versions of router only).

The ANT connector is used to connect the main antenna to the router. To connect the diversity antenna, the second antenna connector DIV is used. The R-SMA connectors named WiFi1 and WiFi2 are designed for the connection of a WiFi antennas (available only for versions with a WiFi module). The GNSS connector is used to connect the GNSS antena (available only for versions with a WiFi module, too).



The router can not operate without a main antenna connected through the port marked as *ANT*!



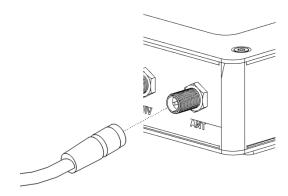


Figure 17: Connecting the antenna



The diversity antenna improves the radio capability of the router at low signal strength.

5.7.5 Reset

The *RST* button on the front panel has three functions on ICR-3200 routers:

Reboot the router:

Hold the *RST* button for less than 4 seconds, the router will be restarted.

• Factory reset – restore the default configuration:

Hold the *RST* button for more than 4 seconds. The *PWR* LED turns off and on again. We recommend holding down the *RST* button for 1 second after turning on the PWR LED on the front panel.

• Factory reset – restore the default configuration when unable to boot:

If the router is unable to boot due to a bad configuration, turn off the router (power supply). Push and hold the *RST* button, turn on the router and hold the *RST* button for at least 10 seconds. This will return the router to default configuration.



Before performing the factory reset of the router, it is recommended to back up the router configuration settings (see Configuration manual for ICR-3200 routers) because reset of the router will return all configuration settings to their default states.



In order to press the *RST* button it is necessary to use a narrow screwdriver or any other small tool.



Figure 18: Router reset



Action	Router behavior	Trigger events – options
Reboot	Turns off and then turns on the router	 Disconnect and reconnect the power Send text <i>reboot</i> via SMS to SIM card number put in your router (your phone number has to be authorized – see the Configuration Manual for ICR-3200 routers) Press the <i>Reboot</i> menu item in the Web interface Press the <i>RST</i> button, hold less than 4 seconds
Reset (factory)	Restores the default configuration and reboots the router	 Hold the RST button for more than 4 seconds If it does not help (router does not start at all), turn off the router (power supply). Push and hold the RST button, then turn on the router and hold the RST button for more than 10 seconds.

Table 8: Overview of router reboot and reset



5.8 Description of the left panel

On the left panel of the router, there are located:

Caption	Connector	Description
Grounding screw	M3 screw	Grounding screw (M3x6L) is connected to the ground of the board and negative pole of the power source.
SIM cards	2FF size	Unscrew the SIM cards cover for using SIM1 or SIM2 slots.
SERIAL I/O	10-pin	Serial interfaces RS232, RS485, one binary input and one binary output on single connector.

Table 9: Description of the left panel



Figure 19: The left panel of the router



5.8.1 SIM Card Reader

Two SIM card readers for 3 V and 1.8 V SIM cards are located on the left panel of the router. In order for the router to function, it is necessary to insert an activated SIM card with an unblocked PIN code, or you can enter the PIN code in the router web interface. The SIM cards may have different adjusted APNs (Access Point Names).



Type of SIM cards: Mini SIM (2FF) 25.0 x 15.0 x 0.76 mm.

Changing the SIM card:

- Always disconnect the router from power supply before handling the SIM card!
- Unscrew the SIM card cover.
- Using a plastic opening tool, or your fingernail, press the SIM card slightly into its slot until you hear a click.
- After hearing this click, release the card and it will pop out of its slot.
- Remove the SIM card and push any other SIM card into the slot until it clicks into place.



Figure 20: SIM card reader





5.8.2 Serial + I/O Port

Panel socket 10-pin.

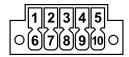


Figure 21: Serial + I/O connector

Pin	Signal mark	Description
1	A (-)	IN/OUT
2	B (+)	IN/OUT
3	GND	GROUND

Table 10: Connection of RS485

Pin	Signal mark	Description
4	BIN	BINARY IN
5	BOUT	BINARY OUT

Table 11: Connection of I/O

Pin	Signal mark	Description
6	RXD	IN
7	RTS	OUT
8	GND	GROUND
9	CTS	OUT
10	TXD	OUT

Table 12: Connection of RS232

The RS232, RS485, and I/O interfaces are physically on a 10-pin panel socket. All three interfaces are not isolated from the router.

The I/O user interface is designed for binary input processing and binary output control. By default, the binary output is open, so it is not grounded. The maximum binary output load is 36 V/500 mA. The constant current supplied by the binary input is 3 mA.



5.9 Description of the right panel

The following connectors are located on the right panel of the router (the panel is empty on versions without WiFi):

Caption	Connector	Description
WiFi2	R-SMA	Connector for the second WiFi antenna
GNSS	SMA	Connector for the GNSS receiver antenna
WiFi1	R-SMA	Connector for the first WiFi antenna

Table 13: Description of the right panel



Figure 22: The right panel of the router



6. First Use

6.1 Connecting the Router Before First Use

Before putting the router into operation it is necessary to connect all of the components that are required to run your applications. Don't forget to insert a SIM card.



The router can not operate without a connected antenna, SIM card and power supply. If the antenna is not connected, the router may be damaged.

6.2 Start

The router will start when a power supply is connected to the router. By default, the router will automatically start to log on to the default APN. The DHCP server will start to assign addresses for devices connected through the Ethernet port ETH0. These router behaviors can be changed via the web interface. This is described in detail in the *Configuration manual for ICR-3200 routers*.

6.3 Configuration



Attention! If no SIM card is inserted in the router, it is not possible for the router to operate. Any inserted SIM card must have active data transmission.

6.3.1 Configuration by Web Browser

For status monitoring, configuration and administration of the router a web interface is available which can be accessed by entering the IP address of the router into the web browser. The default IP address of the router is 192.168.1.1. **Attention, it is necessary to use HTTPS protocol for secure communication over a network!**



Figure 23: Entering the IP address of the router



By default, configuration can only be performed with the default username "root" and default password "root".



Figure 24: Entering login information

After successfully entering login information, the user will have access to the router web interface via their browser.

ICR-3200 Industrial Cellular Router

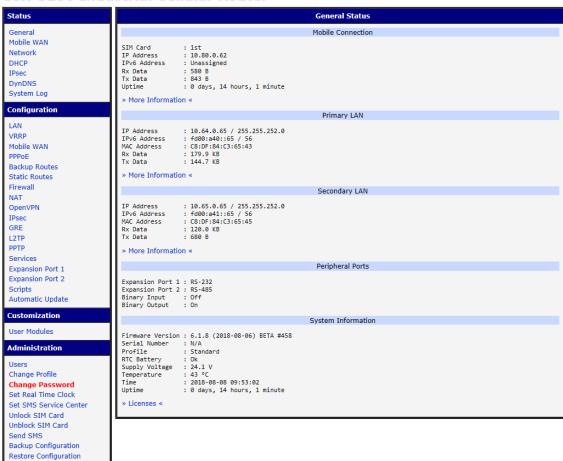


Figure 25: Router web interface



Update Firmware Reboot Logout

A detailed description of the router settings in the Web interface can be found in the *Configu-* ration manual for ICR-3200 routers.



7. Technical Parameters

7.1 Basic Parameters

Router parameters		
Temperature range	Operating Storage	-40 °C to +75 °C -40 °C to +85 °C
Humidity	Operating Storage	0 to 95 % relative humidity non condensing 0 to 95 % relative humidity non condensing
Altitude	Operating	2000 m/70 kPa
Degree of protection		IP30
Supply voltage		9 to 36 V DC
Battery for RTC		CR1225
Consumption	Idle Average Peak Sleep mode	2,5 W 4 W 11 W 10 mW
Dimensions of device		31,2 x 94 x 129 mm
DIN rail clip dimension	S	DIN 35 mm, EN 60715
Weight	Metal box	477 g for version without WiFi and GNSS 497 g for version with WiFi and GNSS
Antenna connectors		2x SMA for LTE $-$ 50 Ω 1x SMA for GNSS $-$ 50 Ω (with WiFi and GNSS) 2x R-SMA $-$ 50 Ω (versions with WiFi, GNSS)
User interface	2x ETH SERIAL I/O	Ethernet RJ-45 (10/100 Mbit/s) 10-pin panel socket Terminal Block (for RS232, RS485 and I/O)

Table 14: Basic parameters



7.2 Standards and Regulations

The router complies with the following standards and regulations:

Standards and regulations		
Radio	EN 301 511, EN 301 908-1, EN 301 908-2, EN 301 908-13, EN 303 413, EN 301 893, EN 300 328	
EMC	EN 301 489-1, EN 301 489-19, EN 301 489-52, EN 301 489-17, EN 61000-6-2, EN 61000-6-5	
Safety	UL/EN/AS/NZS 62368-1	
E-Mark – EMC for devices in transportation	E-Mark E8 homologation number: 10R – 05 10350	
National	CE compliant	
Environmental	REACH, RoHS and WEEE compliant	

Table 15: Standards and regulations



7.3 Type Tests and Environmental Conditions

Phenomena	Test	Description	Test levels
ESD	EN 61000-4-2	Enclosure contact Enclosure air	\pm 6 kV (crit. A) \pm 8 kV (crit. A)
RF field AM modulated	EN 61000-4-3	Enclosure	10 V/m (crit. A) (80 – 2700 MHz) 3 V/m (crit. A) (2700 – 6000 MHz)
Fast transient	EN 61000-4-4	Signal ports Power ports Ethernet ports	± 1 kV (crit. A) ± 2 kV (crit. A) ± 1 kV (crit. A)
Surge	EN 61000-4-5	Ethernet ports Power ports	\pm 1 kV (crit. A), shielded cab. \pm 0,5 kV (crit. A)
RF conducted	EN 61000-4-6	All ports	10 V/m (crit. A) (0,15 – 80 MHz)
Radiated emission	EN 55032	Enclosure	Class B
Conducted emission	EN 55032	DC power ports Ethernet ports	Class B Class B
Dry heat	EN 60068-2-2	+75 °C *, 40 % rel. hu	umidity
Cold	EN 60068-2-1	-40 °C *	
Dump heat	EN 60068-2-78	95 % rel. humidity (+4	ŀ0 °C)
Vibration	EN 60068-2-64 ed. 2	Vibration spectrum A.3 (rolling stock)	Category 1 (3 axis, 8 hours per axis)
Shock	EN 60068-2-27 ed. 2	half-sine, 50 g peak, 1	I1 ms

Table 16: Type tests and environmental conditions

^{*} The temperatures given are for the basic version of the router. These can vary for other versions.



7.4 Technical Parameters of Cellular Module

Technical parameter	s of cellular module
LTE parameters	LTE: Cat.4, 3GPP E-UTRA Release 11 FDD frequencies: B28A (700 MHz), B20 (800 MHz), B8 (900 MHz), B3 (1800 MHz), B1 (2100 MHz), B7 (2600 MHz) TDD frequencies: B40 (2300 MHz), B41 (2500 MHz), B38 (2600 MHz) LTE FDD bit rates: 150 Mbps (DL) / 50 Mbps (UL) LTE TDD bit rates: 130 Mbps (DL) / 35 Mbps (UL) Supported bandwidths: 1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15 MHz, 20 MHz
HSPA+ parameters	HSPA: 3GPP R8 DC-HSPA+ Supported frequencies: 900 MHz, 2100 MHz Bit rates: 42 Mbps (DL) / 5.76 Mbps (UL)
UMTS parameters	Supported frequencies: 900 MHz, 2100 MHz Bit rates: 384 kbps (DL) / 384 kbps (UL)
EDGE parameters	Supported frequencies: 900 MHz, 1800 MHz Data throughput: max. 236.8 kbps
GPRS parameters	Supported frequencies: 900 MHz, 1800 MHz Data throughput: max. 85.6 kbps

Table 17: Technical parameters of cellular module

Antenna Requirements

- VSWR <2:1 (Antenna input impedance response as function of frequency. This shows the antenna resonances and its bandwidth).
- SMA -50Ω
- For good diversity performance, the primary and secondary antennas should have different polarizations.



7.5 Technical parameters of GNSS

GNSS specifications	
Antenna	50 Ω – active
Protocols	NMEA 0183
GNSS Systems	GPS, GLONASS, BeiDou, Galileo, QZSS
Frequency	GPS/Galileo/QZSS: 1575.42 ± 1.023 MHz GLONASS: 1597.5 – 1605.8 MHz BeiDou: 1561.098 ± 2.046 MHz
Sensitivity (autonomous)	Tracking: -157 dBm Reacquisition: -157 dBm Cold start: -146 dBm
Acquisition time (autonomous)	Hot start: 2.5 s Warm start: 26 s Cold start: 35 s
Accuracy	< 1.5 m

Table 18: Technical parameters of GNSS



7.6 Technical Parameters of WiFi



Versions of ICR-3200 routers with WiFi are in development. The parameters will be available after the product release.

7.7 Other Technical Parameters

Other technical parameters		
CPU power	2 DMIPS per MHz	
Flash memory	Available memory space 1 862 MB	
	• 2x 256 MB – FW	
	• 512 MB – User data storage	
	• 838 MB – Space for User Modules	
RAM	512 MB	

Table 19: Other technical parameters



8. Recommended Literature

[1] Advantech B+B SmartWorx: Start Guide (QSG-0006-EN)

[2] Advantech B+B SmartWorx: ICR-3200 – Configuration Manual (MAN-0042-EN)



Product related documents can be obtained on *Engineering Portal* at https://ep.advantech-bb.cz/ address.



9. Troubleshooting

If you cannot connect to the router from your PC, your network card may be configured in such a way that it is not possible to connect to the router. Take one or more of the following steps in order to solve the problem:

- Make sure your PC's network card is configured to obtain the IP address form the DHCP server (by default the DHCP server is running in the router).
- Set the communication rate to 10 MB/s in the properties of your network card.
- Connect the router to the PC via Switch.
- Connect the router to the PC, start the router first and then start the PC after the router's initialization.

9.1 FAQ

In the router reboots itself and the Ethernet connection fails.

• The router will not work well without an antenna. Keep the antenna as far as possible from the power supply.

Ethernet connection fails or is not establishing.

• It is possible to turn auto negotiation off and set a rate and duplex manually on the Ethernet interface of the router. Available on "LAN Configuration" page in the router.

Mobile WAN connection fails.

- Check the signal power ("Mobile WAN status" page). If the signal power is weak, you will have to use a better antenna. If the neighbouring cells have a similar signal strength, you will need to use a directional antenna. For proper operation, the signal levels have to be good.
- Try to enable automatic ping from the router, which will check the connection when there are no data running and in the case of a failed ping, restart the connection. This can be done on the "Mobile WAN Configuration" page in the router in the "Check connection" section. "Enable + bind" option is to ensure the ping goes always through Mobile WAN network interface.

Mobile WAN connection cannot be established.

- Check the "Mobile WAN Configuration" APN, name, password and IP address (all can be blank).
- Try to enter the SIM card PIN verify that the SIM card has the PIN code entered. Available on "Unlock SIM Card" page in the "Administration" section.





- In a private APN it is not recommended to get the DNS settings from operator (on "Mobile WAN" page)
- Go to "System Log" page in "Status" section and observe where the error occurs.

I cannot connect from the Internet to the device behind the router. I have NAT enabled.

• The device's gateway has to be configured so it points to the router.

Lan't access my Web server placed behind the router over NAT.

• The remote HTTP access to the router has to be disabled on "NAT Configuration" page in the router. Also enable "Send all remaining incoming packets to default server" feature and fill in the IP address of your Web server. On the Web server, the default gateway has to be the IP address of the router.

DynDNS doesn't work.

- With private APN this will not work.
- If the same IP address is recorded in your canonic name as a dynamically assigned address, it means that the operator is using NAT or a firewall.
- You can verify NAT using ping to your server with static address and then compare with router's IP address.
- You can verify a Firewall by accessing remotely to the router's Web interface.
- The operator may not provide the address of DNS server and without DNS server's address it is impossible to connect to the dyndns.org server. The following messages will be shown in the System Log:
 - DynDNS daemon started
 - Error resolving hostname: no such file or directory
 - Connect to DynDNS server failed

L2TP or IPSec isn't establishing.

• Check the "System Log" page for error messages.

IPSec tunnel establishes but the communication does not run.

• Probably there are bad routing rules defined in the connected devices, or the default gateway.

I switched the router to offline mode by SMS message, but the router is in online mode after reboot.

• SMS messages do not change the router configuration. They remain in effect only until the router is rebooted.



Serial communication is not working.

 Verify that the router model supports serial communications. Also verify the serial communication settings. To do so, open the router's configuration menu via the web browser, select the appropriate "Expansion Port" from "Configuration" part of the menu and verify the settings.

Is the router Cisco compatible? Can I use the Cisco configuration?

• No, the Firmware in the router (Conel OS) is based on Linux with BusyBox. Thus the Cisco configuration cannot be used. But network connections are defined by standards so connecting the router to the Cisco or other networking devices is possible and will be compatible.

FTP or SFTP does not work

• FTP will work on v2 routers only. You can use SFTP on all routers to transfer files to/from the router. If having troubles with FTP on v2 routers, make sure you have FTP enabled: "Configuration" section, "Services", "FTP". Then you can connect with any client on port 21 with name and password same as for the Web interface. If having troubles with SFTP, make sure you have SSH enabled: "Configuration" section, "Services", "SSH". Then you can connect with any client on port 22 with name and password same as for the Web interface.

Mow can I connect to the router's command line? (SSH, Telnet)

 You can use SSH on all routers or Telnet on v2 routers only. SSH is enabled by default, but you can verify in Web interface in "Configuration" section, "Services", "SSH". Then connect with any SSH client on port 22 of the router. User and password is the same as for the Web interface. Telnet on v2 routers can be enabled here: "Configuration" section, "Services", "Telnet".



10. Customers Support

10.1 Customer Support for NAM

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